A WARM WELCOME TO ALL



Often Parents only see the consequence of a problem and tend to look for solutions, rather looking for the cause of the problem. The child may be falling in his class as he lacks the ability to learn the form taught in class.

For e.g. a child is falling in History cause of his reading and writing skills not cause of the memory problem or a child weak in Chemistry can be actually the weak in Mathematics and due to the calculations in Chemistry is not achieving the desired results.

This report will help the parents to understand the innate characteristic and communication mode of their children and provide them the most appropriate learning habit from young age and improve learning ability effectively, also can help the parents to understand the development of multiple intelligence and potential discovery of their children and thus improving their weakness during learning process in order to achieve all round development.



TOPICS COVERED IN SESSION:1



SMART MIND EDUTECH

ISO 9001 - 2015

Dermatoglyphics

- History
- Types of Fingerprints

Multiple Intelligence

- Types
- Best use of Multiple Intelligences

Learning Styles

- Visual
- Kinesthetic
- Auditory

Benefit of DMIT

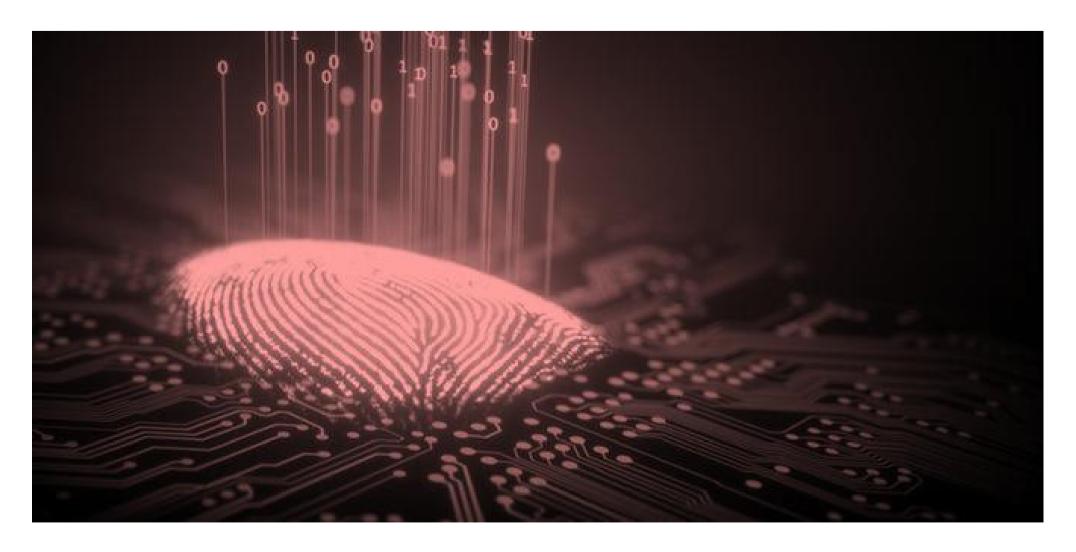
- Children
- Corporates
- Adults

DISC Profile

- Dominance * Steady
- Influential * Compliance

HISTORY







DR. HAROLD CUMMINS

Doctor Harold Cummins is universally acknowledged as the *Father of* Dermatoglyphics. Harold studied all aspects of Fingerprint analysis from anthropology to genetics, from embryology to the study of malformed hands with from two to seven fingers. He wrote a book named Fingerprints palms and soles, which is called the Bible of of Dermatoglyphics.

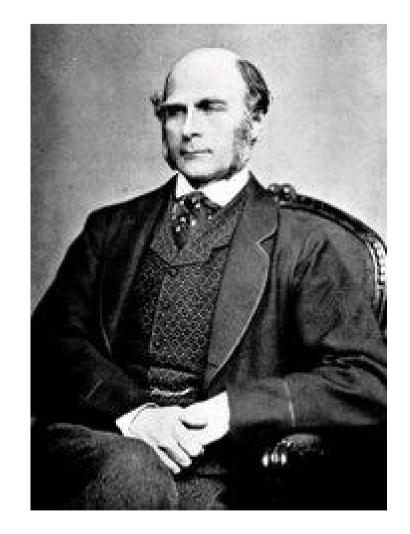


SIR FRANCIS GALTON - 1888

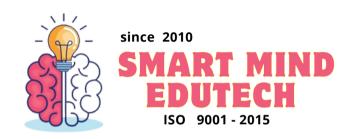


Sir Francis Galton, a British anthropologist and a cousin of Charles Darwin, began his observations of fingerprints as a means of identification in the 1880's.

In 1892, he published his book, "Fingerprints", establishing the individuality and permanence of fingerprints. The book included the first classification system for fingerprints.

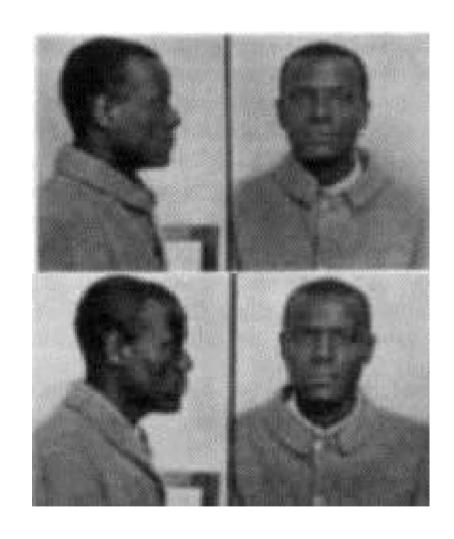


WILL & WILLIAM WEST



1903/Vill West incident
Fort Leavenworth prison

- New prisoner Will West couldn't be distinguished from unrelated inmate with same name by anthropometry
- •Discovered that their fingerprints differed



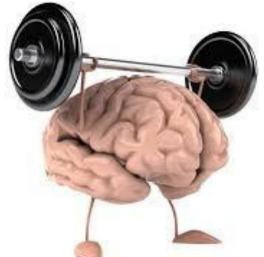
DERMATOGLYPHICS

Dermatoglyphics refers to the branch of science which studies the patterns of skins (dermal) ridges present on the fingers, toes and the soles of human. Its reveals the congenital links between our fingers and our intrinsic qualities and talents.

Dermatoglyphics has absolute scientific basis, with 200 years of research. It is analyzed and proven with evidence in anthropology, genetics, medicine and statistics.







HOW FINGERPRINTS ARE FORMED?





FINGERPRINTS



A fingerprint is an INDIVIDUAL CHARACTERISTIC

No two are alike and no two have yet been found to possess identical ridge characteristics.

When a women is expecting fingerprints starts developing from 13th week and ends by 19th week.

Fingerprints are the product of your genes as well as the environment of the womb through nutrition, blood pressure and contact with the womb.

Once developed, fingerprints do not change over the course of your life, although they may be altered or scarred.

A dog's paw print may look pretty generic but their nose print is actually as unique as a human fingerprint.







TYPES OF FINGER PRINTS





TYPES OF PRINTS

FINGERPRINTS HAVE GENERAL RIDGE PATTERNS FOR CLASSIFICATION:

Divided into three classes:

- ☐ LOOP
- □ WHORL
- □ ARCH

60-65% OF THE POPULATION HAS LOOPS 30-35% WHORLS AND 5% ARCHES



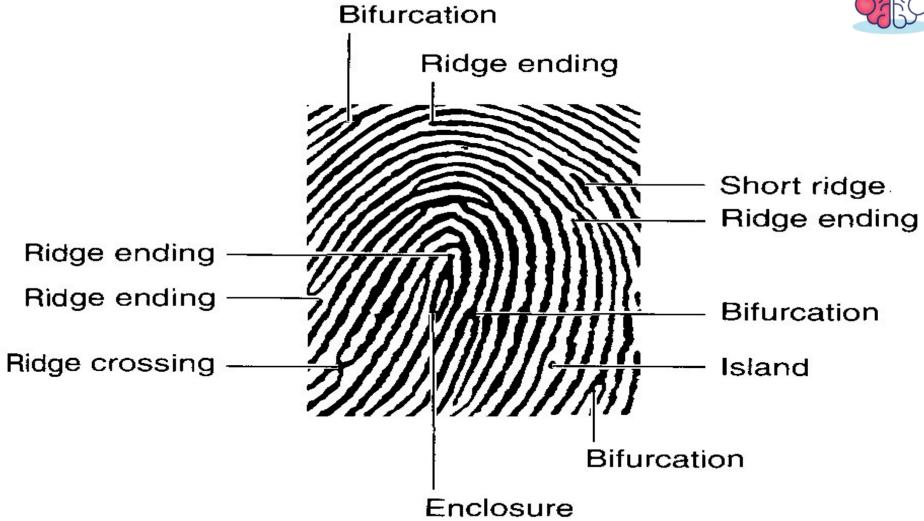
ALSO....

Individuality is not determined by general shape or pattern but by a careful study of its **Ridge characteristics**

Identity- number- and relative location of features that impart individuality.



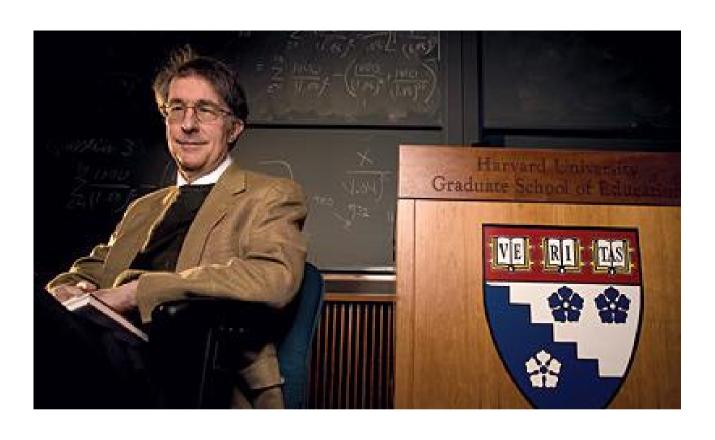




DR HOWARD GARDNER



MULTIPLE INTELLIGENCE THEORY!





CAN WE FIND THE SOLUTION?



Is the life really fair?

Does the life give us second chance? Can we covert our into weakness strength?

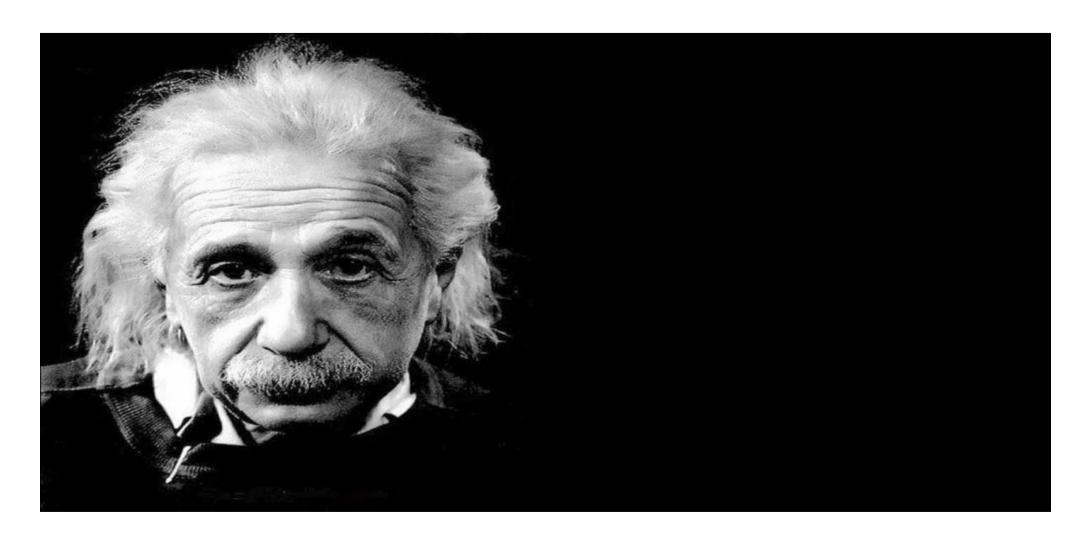
Why other people are getting eas success?

LET'S FIND THEFANSWERS WITH THE THESE REALLIFE EXAMPLES



ARE WE ALL AS SMART AS THIS GUY?





WE JUST NEED TO DISCOVER THIS SECRET





Derek Paravicini was an extraordinary pianist, despite being blindand having severe learning difficulties.



Derek was born 25 weeks premature, and weighed barely over half a kilogram.

As a result of the oxygen therapy Derek required, he lost his sight and grew up with a severe learning disability.

By the age of four,
he had taught himself
to play piano by ear.
He played his first major
concert at the age of nine.

Pretty Impressive!







SIR ALONZO CLEMONS

Alonzo Clemons suffered brain damage as a result of a fall when he was a child. Although his IQ is only between 40-50, Alonzo has a photographic memory and creates amazingly realistic sculptures after just glimpsing at an animal.



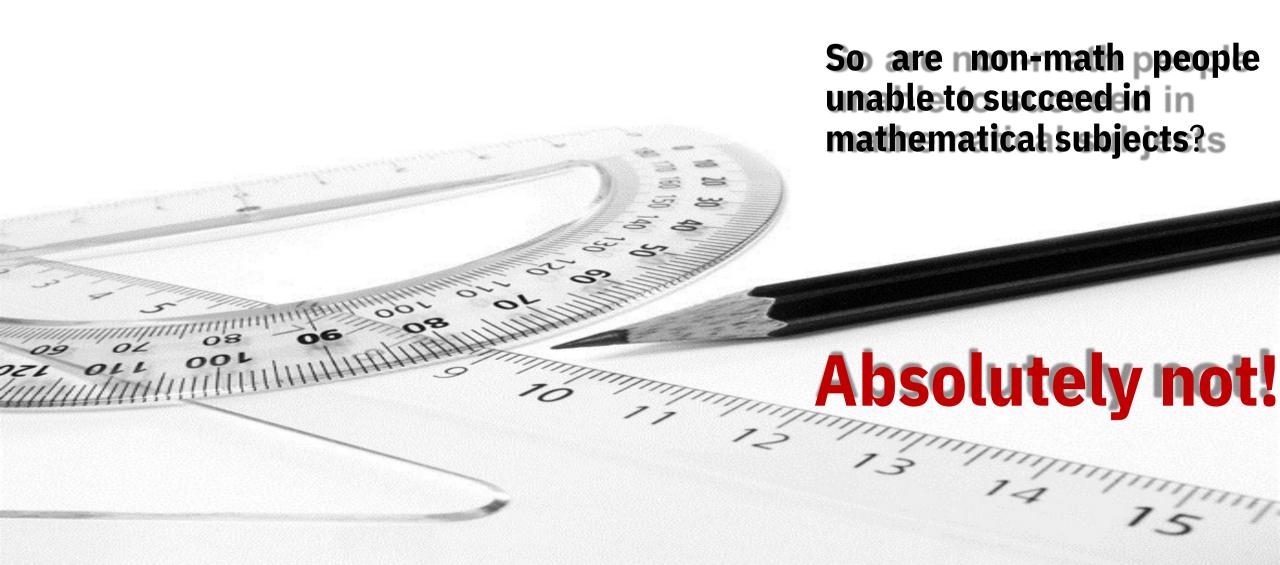


After Detailed study and Research Dr Harvard Gardner developed Theory of Multiple Intelligences.



We've probably all heard someone say something like, "I'm a math person." This person is identifying the type of intelligence at which they're strongest





MUSICIANS



SMART MINI



ARCHITECTS



SMART MI

MART MINI EDUTECH



NATURALISTS



SMART MIND EDUTECH



ARTISTS



SMART MINI EDUTECH



DESIGNERS



SMART MIND EDUTECH



DANCERS



SMART MINI



ARTISANS



SMART MIND EDUTECH



This theory proves that there are different Multiple Intelligences in all of us just proportion varies.



THE DEGREE OR PROPORTION OF MULTIPLE **INTELLIGENCES VARIES** BETWEEN EACH TYPE OF INTELLIGENCE IN EVERY **INDIVIDUAL**





MULTIPLE INTELLIGENCES

Linguistic =Word smart

Logical-mathematical =Reasoning/Number

smart **Spatial** = Picture smart

Bodily-Kinesthetic = Body smart

Musical = Music smart

Interpersonal = People smart

Intrapersonal = Self smart

Naturalist = Nature smart

LINGUISTIC -WORD SMART



Word smarts (or linguistic intelligence) is the ability to use language effectively, whether orally or in writing. This includes the ability to manipulate the structure or syntax of language, the sounds of language, the meanings of words, and the practical uses of language

Foreign language teaching, natural language processing, speech recognition, speech synthesis, language data analyst, Editor (for a publishing house, working with government or educational documents), Content writer, translator/editor, interpreter, speech pathologist/therapist, accent coach, audiologist, college/university professor, lawyer, librarian, civil service employee, foreign relief worker, computer programmer, writer/editor, marketing specialist.



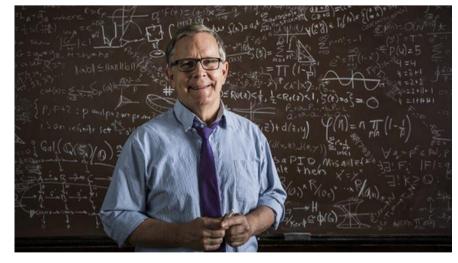


LOGICAL-MATHEMATICAL – REASONING/ NUMBER SMART



Logic smarts (**logical** - mathematical **intelligence**) is the capacity to work with numbers and to reason well. This includes discerning **logical** patterns or relationships and efficiently categorizing, classifying, and calculating information and data.

Accountant, Computer analyst, Computer technician, Computer programmer, Database designer, Economist, Engineer, Lawyer, Mathematician, Network analyst, Pharmacist, Physician, Physicist, Researcher, Statistician etc.





SPATIAL -PICTURE SMART



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visual-spatial ability is the ability to mentally manipulate 2-dimensional and 3-dimensional figures. It is typically measured with simple cognitive tests and is predictive of user performance with some kinds of user interfaces.

Recognizing patterns and relationships in space is easy for the form.

Sketching, painting, and multimedia activities keep them interested and involved.

Artist, Architect, Graphic Designer, Event Manager, Fashion Designer, Interior Decorator, Photographer, Pilot, Sculptor Artist, Strategic planner, Surveyor, Truck driver, Urban planner, Photographer, Sketch artist, Painter etc.









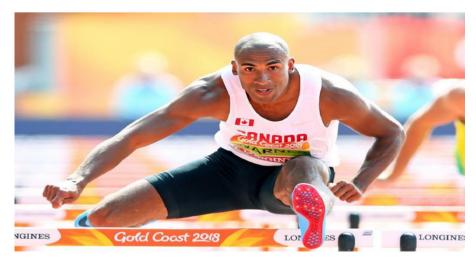
BODILY-KINESTHETIC -BODY SMART



People with Kinesthetic intelligence learn through movement and experimentation. They enjoy sports and activities that require physical exertion and mastery. Some Kinesthetic people enjoy the artistic side of movement such as dance or any kind of creative movement. These artistic types enjoy acting and performing in front of an audience.

People with Kinesthetic intelligence enjoy building things and figuring out how things work. They like to use their hands and are very active. They have excellent motor skills and coordination. They are very physical and are keenly aware of their bodies. Bodily/Kinesthetic is one of several Multiple Intelligences.

Athlete, Dancer, Mechanic, Actor / Actress, Performer, Physical Education Instructor, Craftsman, Physical Therapist, Farmer, Carpenter, Builder, Park Ranger, Firefighter, Paramedic, Army man, Gym Instructor, Stuntman, Hikers.





MUSICAL -MUSIC SMART



Music smarts (or musical intelligence) is the ability to perceive, discriminate, transform, and express musical forms. This includes being sensitive to rhythm, pitch, melody, and timbre of music. In other words, people who have highly developed music smarts tend to love music and rhythmic sounds.

They interact with their environment through sound and vibration. Because various sounds have a heightened effect on them, they are good at any occupation that requires sensitivity to rhythm, pitch, and melody

Audiologist, Choir director, Music conductor, Music critic, Music publisher, Music promoter, Music retailer, Music teacher, Music therapist, Piano tuner, Recording engineer, Songwriter, Sound editor, Speech pathologist.

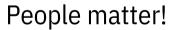




INTERPERSONAL -PEOPLE

SMART

Interpersonal intelligence is the ability to understand and interact effectively with others. It involves effective verbal and nonverbal communication, the ability to note distinctions among others, sensitivity to the moods and temperaments of others, and the ability to entertain multiple perspectives.



Interpersonal intelligence helps people work well with one another because they have the ability to relate and understand others.

Leader, Manager, Politician, Clergy, Social Worker, Receptionist, Sales Representative, Counselor, Child Care, Coach, Psychologist, Actors, Team leader, Teacher, HR Manager etc.







INTRAPERSONAL -SELF SMART



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The word **intrapersonal** means "within the self"—so, "**intrapersonal intelligence**" is another term for self-awareness or introspection. People who have high **intrapersonal intelligence** are aware of their emotions, motivations, beliefs, and goals.

They had the ability to understand themselves, appreciate their own feelings, fears and motivations. People with **intrapersonal intelligence** are skilled at self-reflection and know themselves very well. They are in touch with themselves, who they are, what they need and what they can accomplish.

Writer, Theologian, Career counselor, Consultant, Criminologist, Energy healer, Personal counselor, Philosopher, Program planner, Back hand support, Technician, Data Analyst, Stock broker, Wealth Planner, Finance manager, Analyst ETC.





NATURALIST - NATURE SMART



Nature smarts (or naturalistic intelligence) is the ability to know about and relate well to one's natural surroundings. This includes having a greater sensitivity to nature and one's place within it, being able to nurture and grow things, and easily caring for and interacting with animals.

It may also include being able to discern changes in weather or fluctuations in the natural surroundings. In other words, people with highly developed nature smarts tend to understand the natural world of plants and animals. They enjoy exploring and working outdoors.

Tour Guide, River Rafting Guide, Geoscientist, Landscape Architect, Forester, Archaeologist, Surveyor, Camp Counselor, Geographer, zoologist, Botanist, Agricultural science, Garden designer, Ayurveda Science, Bioregional guide.







OUR NEXT SEGMENT IS DIFFERENT TYPES OF LEARNING STYLES

LEARNING STYLES

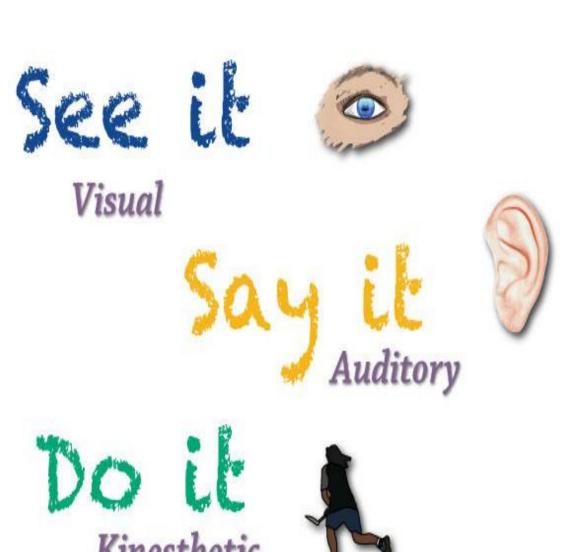
since 2010

SMART MIND

EDUTECH

ISO 9001 - 2015

- •Learning styles are various approaches or ways of learning.
- •They involve educating methods, particular to an individual that are presumed to allow that individual to learn best. Most people favor some particular method of interacting with, and processing information.
- •The 3 main learning styles are:
- 1.Visual
- 2.Auditory
- 3.Kinesthetic



VAK



	Visual	Auditory	Kinesthetic
To Teach something	Write instructions	Explain verbally	Demonstrate
Tend to say	I see what you mean	I hear what you are saying	I know how you feel
Tend to say	Show me	Tell me	Let me try
Learning a new skill	Watch what the teacher is doing	Talk through with the teacher	Like to give it a try and work it out
Find it easiest to remember	Faces	Names	Things done
When meeting with an old	Say "it's great to see	Say "it's great to hear your	Give them a hug
friend	you!"	voice!"	or a handshake

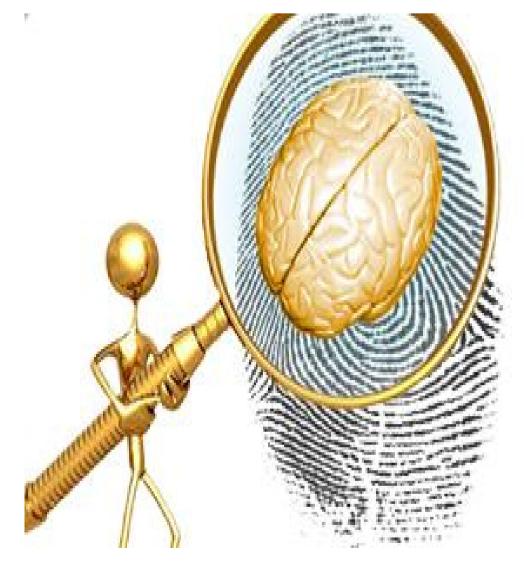


HOW DERMATOGLYPHICS AND MULTIPLE INTELLIGENCE IS CONNECTED?

In recent years, Dr. Chen Yi Mou focused on developing the combination of the relationship of skin grains, genes, psychology, and development of mind along with educational, medical and science experts such as "Multi-wisdom" theory published by Dr. Howard Gardner of University of Harvard, aiming to provide tailor made education for every individual with special potential so as to donate to the society.

Many scientists and medical doctorate found that the born number of brain cells (learning potential) can be checked from the skin grains of one's limbs after long observatory, recordings, comparison and inductions.





NEED OF DMIT

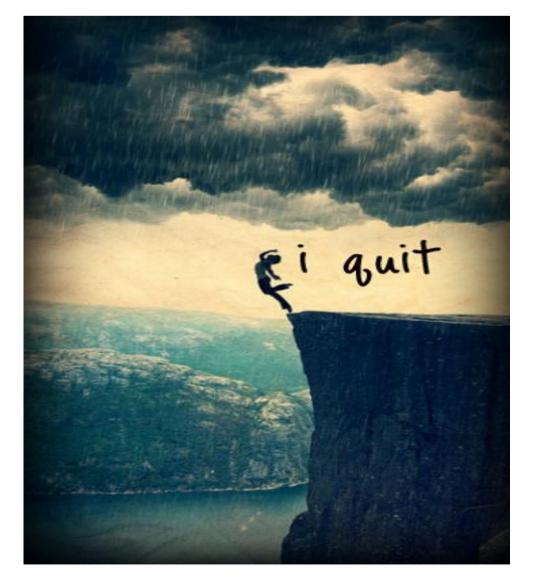


12000+ studentscommit suicides every year due to exam related stress.

We have been noticing a rising suicidal trend since some years.

Parental and peer pressure are prime causes for such high number of suicides.

DMITcan provide crucial inputs for student counseling and guidance



BENEFITS OF DMIT FOR CHILDREN









A stress-free childhood for children



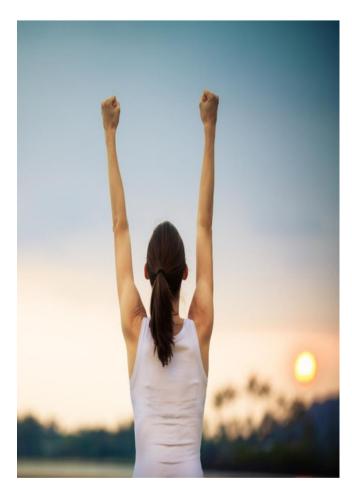


NEED OF DMIT FOR INDIVIDUALS





- Discoveryour own abilities and choose right career path.
- Identify and develop your core competencies.
- Identify the most suitable learning and leadership styles.
- Improve your relationship with your loved one.



- Rekindle your passion for living and revive dreams from the past
- Invest wisely in suitable self-development programmes
- Assess your EQ, IQ, AQ, CQ
- Plan ahead to achieve your goals and live your dreams

NEED OF DMIT FOR CORPORATES



- Find the right person for the right job.
- Pre-employment screening.
- Entrust your employee who has the most potential.
- Discover employees' potentials, maximizing efficiency and effectiveness.



- Create an all-star workforce
- Reorganize your workforce for better performance
- HR training and development
- Evaluate your managers' performances and core competencies

DISC DIMENSIONS OF BEHAVIOUR





DOMINANCE



STEADINESS



INFLUENCING





COMPLIANCE

The DISC model of human behavior was first published in the 1920's by Moulton Marston.

DISC Dimensions of Behavior is a personality profile system.

It is one of the most successful and widely used personal and professional development instruments ever created.

It has been used by over 30 million people around the world and has an acceptance rate of over 95%.

It is a powerful tool that is easy to understand and helps simplify the complexity of human behavior.

As an early pioneer in the field of psychology, he studied the affect of will and power on personality and behavior.

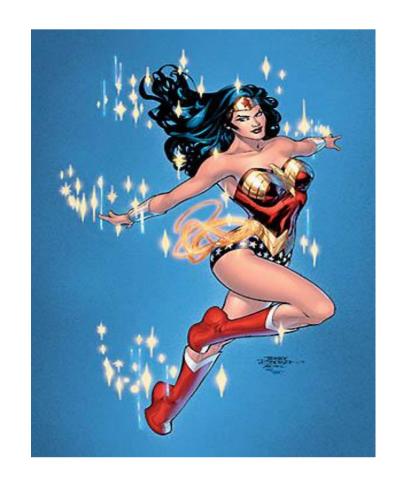






Marston's research led to a number of modern theories, but he is best known for:

- •Assisting Universal Studios transition from silent to talking movies.
- •Serving as an advocate for women's rights.
- •Creating the comic book heroine *Wonder Woman*Developing the original DISCtheory model





DOMINANCE



STRENGTHS

WEAKNESS

Getting immediate results

Causing action and gets things done

Accepting challenges

Make quick decisions

Take authority, works hard and manage troubles
Solve problems

Self-reliant

Persistent

Insensitive towards others

Overlooks risks and cautions

Takes on too much

Too demanding on others

Impatient

Inflexible and unyielding

Inattentive to details

Resents restrictions



INFLUENCING



STRENGTHS

Contacting people and is articulate

Making a favorable impression

Entertaining

Enthusiastic

Outgoing and friendly

Participate in a

group Persuasive

Optimistic

WEAKNESS

Lacks follow-through Talks too much **Over-commits** Misjudges capabilities **Overestimates results Jumps to conclusions Needs time management**



STEADINESS



STRENGTHS

WEAKNESS

Perform in consistent, predictable manner

Demonstrates patience

Build relationship; service-oriented

Desire to help others; supportive Be

a good listener

Shows loyalty; reliable

Create stable, harmonious work environment

Resists quick change
Overly tolerant
Procrastinates
Avoids conflict
Not a strong initiator

Take longer time to decide



COMPLIANCE



STRENGTHS

Pay attention to key directives, standards and concentrates on key details

Think analytically, weighs pros and cons

Diplomatic with people

Competent and self-disciplined

Check for accuracy and analyses performance

critically Thorough, precise and orderly

Committed to quality

WEAKNESS

Overly cautious

Too rigid

Sensitive to criticisms

Too-detailed oriented

Fault-finding

Suspicious

Pessimistic



What's in the mind of the 'D'?

- \square My ideal world is one where I have *cont<u>rol</u>*
- \Box I want to do it m_y way
- ☐ I like to changethings
- ☐ My greatest fear is *los<u>ing control</u>or not* having a *challenge*



What's in the mind of the 'I'?

- ☐ My ideal world is one where I have *fun* ____
- ☐ I want to do it the *exciting*way
- $^{\square}$ I like to <u>dreamt</u>hings
- $^{\square}$ My greatest fear is *los<u>ing face</u>or* not having *social <u>approval</u>*



What's in the mind of the 'S'?

- \Box My ideal world is one where I have *peace*
- $^{\square}$ I want to do it the *easy*way
- I like to <u>watcht</u>hings
- igsqc My greatest fear is losing stabilityor losing a relationship



What's in the mind of the 'C'?

- ☐ My ideal world is one where I have *exce<u>llence</u>*
- \sqcup I want to do it the *right*way
- \Box I like to <u>researchthings</u>
- My greatest fear is being wrongor being criticised



THANK YOU FOR YOUR KIND ATTENTION